

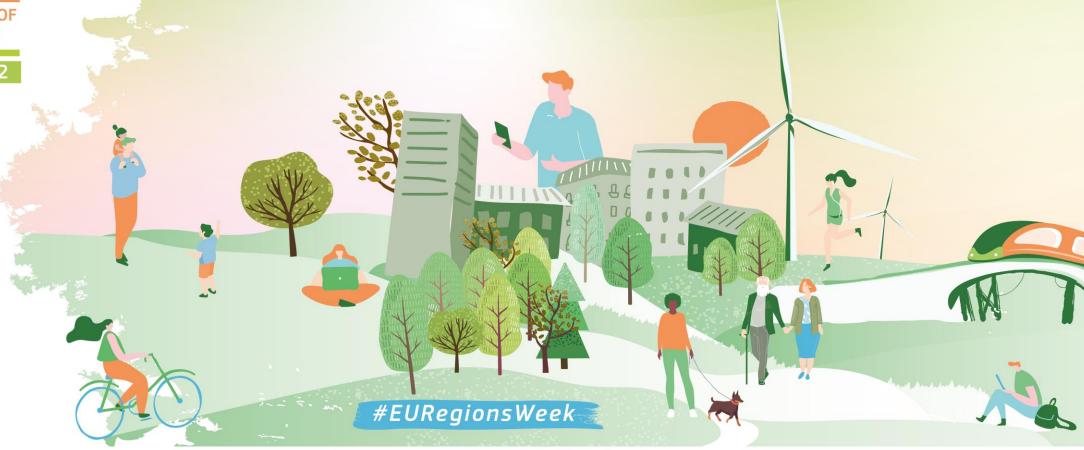
EUROPEAN WEEK OF REGIONS & CITIES

2003 - 2022

twin transition in Europe

Kinga Szebeni, Policy Officer, European Commission, DG for Employment, Social Affairs and Inclusion (DG EMPL)

New Challenges for Europe's Cohesion



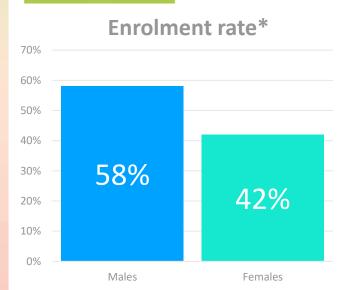


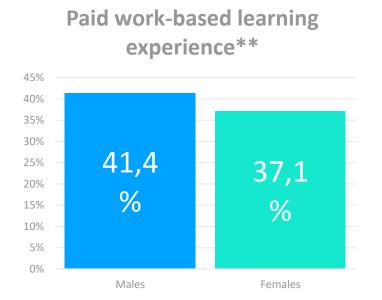


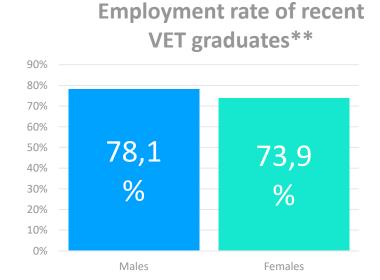
#### Women are increasingly well qualified but...

**New Challenges for Europe's Cohesion** 

2003 - 2022



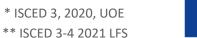




The gender gap also impacts boys (higher share of early school leavers, underrepresented in tertiary education) which might have broader societal influence (reproduction patterns, depopulating regions)











# In almost all countries there is a gender divide with respect to digital and 'green' skills

New Challenges for Europe's Cohesion

The overall performance of girls and boys in science at age 15 is similar, yet

#### 2003 - 2022

- only 11% of ICT graduates on upper-secondary level at EU level are girls
- only one in five employees in the ICT sector is female, and among STEM graduates, it is only one in three
- 29% of women (versus 33% of men) have "above basic digital skills"

There is no difference between girls' and boys' awareness of environmental issues on average across EU countries,

girls were 7 % more likely than boys to report that they cared about the environment

Only 32% were girls of those enrolled in ,Environment'\* and 4 % in ,Electrity and energy'\*\* in VET

Beyond creating labour and skills imbalances, the low level of gender diversity in the 'green and digital' sector is considered to affect innovation and has a negative impact on the way digital solutions are devised and deployed

#EURegionsWeek



# **European Skills Agenda promotes gender equality**

New Challenges for Europe's Cohesion

2003 - 2022

#### **Pact for Skills**

Gender equality is a principle of the Charter for the Pacts (Microelectronics, Digital, Creative and Cultural Industry, Proximity and Social Economy)

## Council Recommendation on Vocational Education and Training National Implementation Plans:

Included in the national **strategy** for education and training (e.g. EE, FI, BE, FR, IT) – often as part of a more broad strategy on equality;

focus on specific target groups (migrant women, NEETs);

**guidance** (EE); **monitoring** (Belgium-Fl); **mobility** pilot project for women (DE), targeted action on **digital skills** (BE-fr) and STEM (BE-Fl)





### New Challenges for a Europe's Cohesion

#### How to ensure a fair twin transition for women?

2003 - 2022

- Increase the attractiveness of STEM programmes for girls (digital and green) and female teachers
- EQF level 5 programmes
- Focus on target groups in vulnerable situation (NEETs, girls and women with migrant/Roma background)
- Devise actions with local partners
- Improve working conditions for women



Gender equality should be the driving force for fair and sustainable competitiveness

